

## **County of Santa Cruz**

#### **HEALTH SERVICES AGENCY**

POST OFFICE BOX 962, 1080 Emeline Ave., SANTA CRUZ, CA 95061-0962 TELEPHONE: (831) 454-4000 FAX: (831) 454-4488 TDD: Call 711

## **Press Release**

For Release: Immediately Contact: Corinne Hyland

Date: November 23, 2022 Phone: (831) 566-4370

# SANTA CRUZ COUNTY PUBLIC HEALTH URGES RESIDENTS TO TAKE PREVENTIVE MEASURES AGAINST CIRCULATING VIRUSES THIS HOLIDAY SEASON

SANTA CRUZ COUNTY –Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) and the flu both started early this year and are on the rise, causing increased hospitalizations for children in the State and neighboring counties. COVID-19 is also experiencing an uptick locally and in California, and the combination of the three is generating concern over safeguarding our local and State healthcare system, especially as we head into the holidays.

"As we navigate through respiratory illness season, it's important to continue basic prevention methods like vaccination, frequent hand washing, and wearing a mask," said Dr. Cal Gordon, Deputy Health Officer for the County of Santa Cruz. "These same tools we learned from COVID continue to be the best we have to get through the respiratory virus season together."

Santa Cruz County Public Health, in alignment with California Department of Public Health (CDPH), encourages all to do the following to protect themselves and others from severe illness and hospitalization:

## 1. Get Vaccinated, Boosted (and Treated, if needed)

The flu vaccine and updated COVID-19 booster continue to be your best defense to limit severe illness and death—and you can get both at the same time. If you test positive for COVID and are at higher risk of severe illness, contact your doctor or go to a test-to-treat site immediately to seek treatment. Treatments work best when started right after symptoms begin.

## 2. Stay Home if You're Sick

It's crucial to stay home if you are feeling ill. Avoid close contact with others to protect them and take the time you need to heal. This is especially important for the flu, RSV and COVID, which can lead to more severe illness.

## 3. Avoid Going to the ER for Mild to Moderate Illness

People with severe symptoms such as significant difficulty breathing, intense chest pain, severe weakness, or an elevated temperature that persists for days are among those who should consider seeking emergency medical care for their condition. Individuals should not visit the emergency department if the symptoms of their illness are mild to moderate and should instead consult an outpatient primary care provider.

#### 4. Test Before You Gather

Take a rapid at-home COVID-19 test before gathering, especially if you have family or friends who are at risk for serious illness.

## 5. Wear a Mask

There is no vaccine for RSV, so wearing a mask can significantly slow the spread and protect babies and young children who do not yet have immunity and are too young to mask. Masking in indoor public places is a good way to limit the spread of germs.

#### 6. Wash Your Hands

Frequent handwashing, with soap and warm water-for at least 20 seconds, is an easy and very effective way to prevent getting sick and spreading germs.

## 7. Cover your Cough or Sneeze

Remember to cough or sneeze into your elbow, your arm, or a disposable tissue to help prevent the spread of winter viruses. Just make sure to sanitize or wash your hands and dispose of your tissue after.

To schedule a flu and COVID-19 vaccine appointment, visit <u>www.myturn.ca.gov</u>. For questions, call (831) 454-4242 between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday.

###